

**EPOTEC YDH 3000**

**1. IDENTIFICATION OF SUBSTANCE**

**Trade Name:** EPOTEC YDH 3000

**Manufacturer/Supplier:** Aditya Birla Chemicals (Epoxy Division) 16<sup>th</sup> Floor Mahathun Plaza Building, 888/160 - 161 Pleonchit Road, Lumpini, Pathumwan, Bangkok 10330 Thailand. Tel: (662) 2535031-3, 2536882, Fax: (662) 2535030, Web site: [www.thaiepoxy.com](http://www.thaiepoxy.com)

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**2. COMPOSITIONS AND INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Component	CAS Number	%
Reaction product of Epichlorohydrin and Hydrogenated Bisphenol A	30583-72-3	100

**3. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION**

**Eye:** Will cause moderate eye irritant.

**Skin:** Possible skin irritant.

**Ingestion:** Will cause illness.

**Inhalation:** Unlikely except at elevated temperatures. May cause an allergic reaction.

**4. FIRST AID**

**Eye:** Flush eyes with water immediately. Continue to flush for 30 minutes. Visit doctor.

**Skin:** Remove contaminated clothing. Wash exposed areas thoroughly with soap and water and flush for 10 minutes.

**Ingestion:** Induce vomiting only if person is conscious. Obtain emergency medical help.

**Inhalation:** Remove to fresh air. If breathing is labored administer oxygen. Call physician.

**5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

**Flammable Properties:** Flash point 250 °C, 482 °F (closed cup)

Autoignition temperature Not applicable

**Flammability Limits:** LFL Not applicable

UFL Not applicable

**Hazardous Combustion Products:** Under fire conditions polymers decompose. The smoke may contain polymer fragments of varying compositions in addition to unidentified toxic and/or irritating compounds. Hazardous combustion products may include and are not limited to phenolics, carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

**Other Flammability Information:** Container may rupture from gas generation in a fire situation. Violent steam generation or eruption may occur upon application of direct water stream to hot liquids. Dense smoke is emitted when burned without sufficient oxygen.

**Extinguishing Media:** Foam, water fog, dry chemical, carbon dioxide preferred.

**Fire Fighting Instructions:** Keep people away. Isolate fire area and deny unnecessary entry. Do not use direct water stream. May spread fire. Use water spray to cool fire exposed containers and fire affected zone until fire is out and danger of re-ignition has passed. Move container from fire area if this is possible without hazard. Fight fire from protected location or safe distance. Consider use of unmanned hose holder or monitor nozzles. Immediately withdraw all personnel from area in case of rising sound from venting safety device or discoloration of the container. Flushing with water to protect personnel and minimize property damage may move burning liquids. Water fog, applied gently may be used as a blanket for fire extinguishments. Contain fire water run-off if possible. Firewater run-off, if not contained may cause environmental damage.

**Protective Equipments for Fire Fighting:** Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full protective equipment.

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

**Protect People:** Isolate area. Clear non-emergency personnel from area.

**Protect the Environment:** Keep out of irrigation ditches, sewers and water supplies.

**Cleanup:** Absorb with material such as sand or polypropylene or polyethylene fiber products. Collect in suitable and properly labeled containers. Remove residual using hot soapy water. Residual resin can be removed with solvent. Solvents are not recommended for cleanup unless the recommended exposure guidelines and safe handling practices for the specific solvent are followed. Consult appropriate solvent MSDS for handling information.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**Handling:** Avoid use of electric band heaters. Failures of electric band heaters have been reported to cause drums of liquid epoxy resin to explode and catch fire. Application of a direct flame to a container of liquid epoxy resin can also cause explosion and/or fire.

**Storage:** Good general ventilation should be sufficient for most conditions. Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some operations.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

**Exposure Guideline(s):** None established.

**Engineering Controls:** Good general ventilation should be sufficient for most conditions.

**Eye Protection:** Use safety glasses.

**Skin Protection:** Use protective clothing impervious to this material. Selection of specific items such as face shields, gloves, boots, apron, or full-body suit will depend on operation. Remove contaminated clothing immediately, wash skin with soap and water, and launder clothing before reuse.

**Respiratory Protection:** No respiratory protection should be needed. If respiratory irritation is experienced, use an approved air-purifying respirator.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

<b>Appearance:</b>	Light yellowish liquid
<b>Odor:</b>	Slight aromatic
<b>Boiling Point:</b>	Not applicable
<b>Vapor Pressure:</b>	Not applicable
<b>Vapor Density:</b>	Not applicable
<b>Solubility in Water:</b>	Negligible
<b>Specific Gravity:</b>	1.16

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**Stability:** Stable at ambient temperature.

**Conditions to Avoid:** Excess heating over long periods of time degrades the resin.

**Material to Avoid:** Acids, bases, amines and oxidizing agents.

**Hazardous Decomposition Products:** Refer to section 5 for Hazardous Combustion Products.

**Hazardous Polymerization:** Will not occur by itself. Polymerization can be catalyzed by aliphatic amines. Masses of more than one pound (0.5 kg) of product plus an aliphatic amine will cause irreversible polymerization with considerable heat build up.

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

<b>Acute Oral Toxicity (LD50/Rat):</b>	5,300 mg/kg
<b>Acute Dermal Toxicity (LD50/Rabbit):</b>	> 2,000 mg/kg

**12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**Degradation:** Theoretical oxygen demand (ThoD) is calculated to be 2.35 p/p. In the atmospheric environment, material is estimated to have a tropospheric half-life of 1.92 hr. Biodegradation reached in Modified Zahn-Wellens / EMPA Test (OECD Test No. 302B) after 28 days: 12%. 20-Day biochemical oxygen demand (BOD20) is <2.5%.

**Ecotoxicity:** Material is moderately toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50 / EC50 between 1 and 10 mg/L in most sensitive species). Acute LC50 for water flea *Daphnia magna* is 1.3 mg/L. Acute LC50 for fathead minnow (*Pimephales promelas*) is 3.1 mg/L. Toxicity to aquatic species occurs at concentrations greater than water solubility. Maximum acceptable toxicant concentration (MATC) in water flea *Daphnia magna* is 0.55 mg/L. Growth inhibition threshold in bacteria is >42.6 mg C/L. Inhibitory concentration (IC50) in OECD Activated Sludge Respiration Inhibition Test (OECD Test No. 209) is >100 mg/L.

**13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

**Disposal:** Do not dump into any sewers, on the ground, or into any body of water. All disposal methods must be in compliance with all applicable federal, state/provincial and local laws and regulations. Regulations may vary in different locations. Waste characterizations and compliance with applicable laws are the responsibility solely of the waste generator.

**14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

**Department of Transportation:** 49CFR172.101-102 Classification: Not hazardous.  
**DOT Shipping Name:** Not regulated.

**15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

**Notice:** The information herein is presented in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. However, no warranty, express or implied is given. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ from one location to another; it is the buyer's responsibility to ensure that its activities comply with federal, state or provincial and local laws. The following specific information is made for the purpose of complying with numerous federal, state or provincial and local laws and regulations.

**U.S. REGULATIONS:**

**TOXIC SUBSTANCES CONTROL ACT (TSCA):** On 40CFR710 Section 8b Chemical Substance Inventory and Canadian Domestic Substance List.

**SARA Title III Section 311/312:** Not hazardous.

**CANADIAN REGULATIONS:**

**The Canadian Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS):** Classification for this product is: Class D Division 2B

**16. OTHER INFORMATION**

The information presented herein is based on data considered to be accurate as of date of preparation of the Material Safety Data Sheet. However, no warranty or representation, express or implied, is made as to the accuracy or completeness of the foregoing data and safety information, nor is any authorization given or implied to practice any patented invention without a license. In addition, no responsibility can be assumed by vendor for any damage or injury resulting from abnormal use, from any failure to adhere to recommended practices, or from any hazards inherent in the nature of the product.